The Meeting of Minds:

Integrating Collaborative and Anthropological Evaluation to Improve the Lives of Men who Sleep with Men (MSM) of Color in Tampa, Florida

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Disclaimer

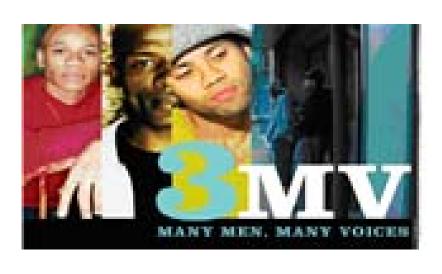
 The themes and topics covered in the presentation are may include reference to sexual themes, and curse words.

 This project is meant to provide real data directly from the participants, we will not limit their truth





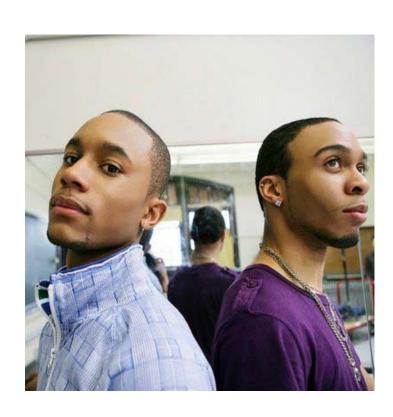
The Evaluand: Community Based Organization



- Founded in 2006
- Funded by Centers of Disease and Prevention
- Uses Many Men, Many Voices
 - The human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) epidemic remains a critical health issue for men who have sex with men (MSM), but the situation is even more grave for MSM of color. (Kennedy, 2003)

The Evaluand: Community Based Organization

- Focused on building positive social networks to increase safe sex behaviors
- Provides
 - outreach
 - support groups
 - HIV/STI testing



3MV Information

Core Elements of Many Men, Many Voices (3MV)

Enhance self esteem related to racial identity and sexual behavior Educate clients about interactions between HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases and sensitize to personal risk

Develop risk reduction strategies

Build a menu of behavioral options for HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases risk reduction, including partner involvement

Train in risk reduction behavioral skills

Enhance self efficacy related to behavioral skills

Train in partner communicati on and negotiation

Provide social support and relapse prevention

Modified from DEBI, 2010)

Statement of Problem: What is needed to implement the Many Men, Many Voices (3MV) HIV & STD prevention intervention program? How does this intervention work?

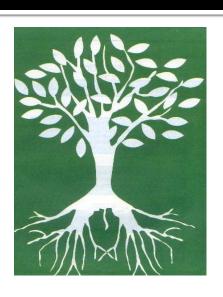
Planned Work*		Intended Results			
Resources/Inputs →	Activities 🗲	Outputs →	Immediate, Intermediate & Long-term Outcomes		
Resources needed to operate your program and conduct activities	To address problem or asset, activities conducted	As a result of activities conducted, evidence of service delivery, examples:	As a result of outputs (service delivery), expected changes in target population in specified period(s) of time		
Knowledge of and skills related to the intervention, group facilitation, program planning, prevention theory & science, sexually transmitted infections, and the target population, etc. Existing data Funding Staff Trainings Intervention Box with materials like the intervention manual, the implementation planning tool, posters and flyers for recruitment, budget worksheet. Technical assistance (planning, tailoring/adaptation, evaluation) Space to run group sessions Agency commitment Community partners like the population at risk and population in need of intervention services, support from agency, health department and community leaders.	Schedule 3MV group intervention consisting of 6 - 7 sessions See core elements and tasks and activities listed on the agency planning tool for conducting the 3MV intervention Educate clients about risks and sensitize clients to risk Develop risk reduction strategies in group Coach participants regarding capacity for change Train participants in partner selection, communication and negotiation Provide support and relapse prevention	 Six or seven (3) hour group sessions conducted STD and HIV knowledge increased, risk information conveyed, perception of risk enhanced, options for risk reduction selected, risk reduction skills built. Written Implementation plan, tailored to target population, including measureable program objectives Written process/procedures to integrate 3MV into flow of agency services and programs Written 3MV recruitment process Evaluation plan including tools, evaluation data, data analyses, and summary reports with interpretation Documentation of regular program monitoring and program improvement in accordance with monitoring plan Example program monitoring (program objectives met) and process evaluation indicators, examples: % of planned # of clients recruited/approached for 3MV in [timeframe] % of planned # 3MV sessions held in [timeframe] % of planned # of participants in each 3MV sessions in [timeframe] % of planned # of participants in [timeframe] % of planned # of participants in [timeframe] % of planned # of participants who satisfy target population characteristics [risk group or demographics] in [timeframe] 	Immediate Outcomes (e.g., immediately after intervention, within 1-2 weeks of intervention) Knowledge, skills and attitudes, examples: Increase in # participants' about transmission of HIV and STDs by % in [timeframe] Increase in # participants able to realistically assess their personal risk for HIV/STDs in [timeframe] Increase % participants intention to obtain condoms in [timeframe] Increase % of participants' intention to use condoms regularly in [timeframe] Increase % of participants' intention to use condoms regularly in [timeframe] Insert site or program specific outcomes] Intermediate Outcomes (e.g., 1, 3, or 6 months after intervention) Behavior impacted, examples: Decrease in % of participants' repeat STD infections in [timeframe] Increase in % of participants' requesting/ obtaining HIV/STD testing services in [timeframe] (optional) Insert site or program specific outcomes] Long-term Outcomes (e.g., 6, 9, or 12 months after intervention) Long term changes in knowledge, skills and behaviors, examples: Increase % of participants' regular use condoms in [timeframe] Decrease in % of participants' requesting/ obtaining HIV/STD testing services in [timeframe] Increase in % of participants' requesting/ obtaining HIV/STD testing services in [timeframe] Increase in % of participants' requesting/ obtaining HIV/STD testing services in [timeframe] Increase in % of participants' requesting/ obtaining HIV/STD testing services in [timeframe] Increase in % of participants' requesting/ obtaining HIV/STD testing services in [timeframe] Increase in % of participants' requesting/ obtaining HIV/STD testing services in [timeframe] Increase in % of participants' requesting/ obtaining HIV/STD testing services in [timeframe]		

Approaches and Epistemology



Foundational Terms

- Context
- Critical Evaluation
- Inequity
- Anthropological Evaluation
 - Evaluation which values the demonstration of the worth of programs as parts of cultural systems operating to achieve culturally valued ends to tell the story of (their) development, efficacy, and impact".
 - This type of evaluation takes into account the "holistic understanding of the impact of interventions into social problems" (Henry et al., 2007 p 316).







Rationale for Integrated Approach

Management
Oriented: Grant
Objectives

Collaborative: ніv

Prevention for MSM of color is closely tied to cultural norms, the organization is composed of MSM color.

Evaluation Objectives

- 1. To examine the efficacy and effectiveness of a Centers of Disease Control and Prevention evidence based intervention (3MV) aimed toward lowering HIV/STI rates among Men Who Sleep with Men (MSM) of color (Hispanic and African American.
- To add to the corpus of evaluation knowledge.
- To improve the functionality of evidence based intervention for marginalized populations.



Evaluation Standards



Evaluation Question	Evaluation Approach	Data Collection Method
 1) Is the number of men using the services or attending events satisfactory? A) Consistent with stated goals B) Conforming to requirements of grant stipulations 	Management	Overall: Grant Data Provided Defensible criteria used to understand if the CBO is reaching its goals and objectives
2) How can the CBO's functioning and operation be improved? A) Ways to improve current services B) Possible new services to introduce C) Relative importance of improvement suggestions to stakeholders, including members	Management/ Collaborative Combined	Overall: Two fold 1. Focus groups with Participants of the CBO 2. Surveys with Participants of the CBO Special Note: The focus group was facilitated by a MSM of color to create rapport among participants



Data Collection Methodology

- All data were anonymous
 - No names or signatures on surveys
 - Participants identified by number when focus group recording was transcribed
- Focus groups held in the evening, moderated by a group member (collaborative component) trained in qualitative methods
- Questionnaires were handed out after outreach/support groups



Qualitative Rigor

Transparency

Reflexivity

Acknowledge that not all possible voices appear in the research and those that do are not expressed in equal terms Create multiple Ground evaluation meaning and in historical process alternate representations Reflexivity Be aware of Allow different political aspects of voices to pervade the text evaluation



Results for Evaluation Question 1: Organization's Performance for Group Attendance

Previous Year (2008-2009): **129 Participants** required by grant

 \rightarrow 100% accomplished

2009-2010 Group Attendance; Yearly Goal of 129 Participants

MONTH	# GROUP PARTICIPANTS	CUMULATIVE TOTAL	% OF DESIRED YEARLY TOTAL	MONTHLY PERFORMANCE
Oct-09	9	9	6.98%	-16.28%
Nov-09	11	20	15.50%	2.33%
Dec-09	8	28	21.71%	-25.58%
Jan-10	12	40	31.01%	11.63%
Feb-10	12	52	40.31%	11.63%
Mar-10	9	61	47.29%	-16.28%



Results for Evaluation Question 1: the CBO's Performance for HIV/STI Testing

Previous Year (2008-2009): 300 Tested required by grant

 \rightarrow 110% accomplished (331 tested)

2009-2010 Tested for HIV/STIs; Yearly Goal of 400 Participants

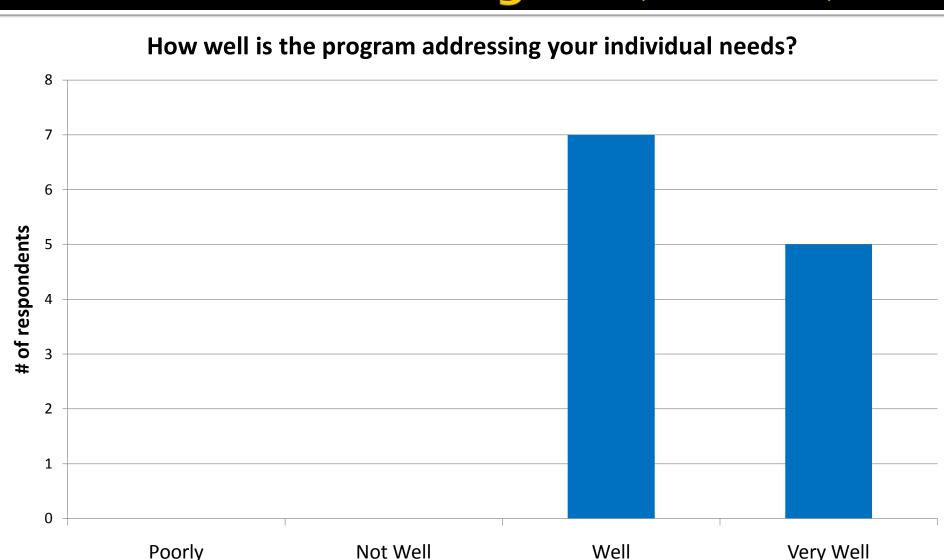
MONTH	# TESTED	CUMULATIVE TOTAL	% OF DESIRED YEARLY TOTAL	MONTHLY PERFORMANCE
Oct-09	34	34	8.50%	2.01%
Nov-09	22	56	14.00%	-33.99%
Dec-09	28	84	21.00%	-15.99%
Jan-10	27	111	27.75%	-18.99%
Feb-10	32	143	35.75%	-3.99%
Mar-10	38	181	45.25%	14.01%

Survey Data Collected for Evaluation Question 2

- Confidential, no names or signatures
- Designed to assess the effectiveness of the CBO's groups/programs in meeting member's needs and educating about HIV, STIs, and safe sex practices
- Distributed to groups in February and March 2010
- Low group attendance in those months + moderate response rate (57%) yielded small sample (n=12), but represented ~9% of annual group participants



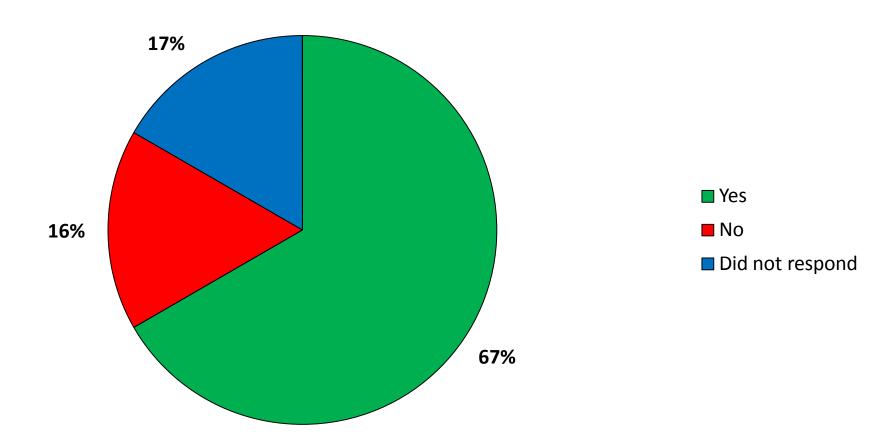
Survey Results: Participants' Assessment of Program (Item #1)





Survey Results: Improvement in Communication with Partner About Contraception Use (Item #3)

I have become more confident in asking my partner(s) to use protection



Focus Group Findings

Outreach

- Increasing Diversity
 - Geographic Location (type of venue)
 - i.e. nightclub, schools, other venues
 - Type of population (trade, transgender)
 - Type of outreach worker



Focus Group Findings: Stereotypes



I think there are a lot of negative stereotypes out there in terms of about how we're perceived and how we're trained in a certain way to act as a gay black men, which I find I have a lot of problems with a lot of them so.. an organization like this helps dispel a lot of those stereotypes and I think that's very positive.

- Participant 3

Focus Group Finding: Knowledge

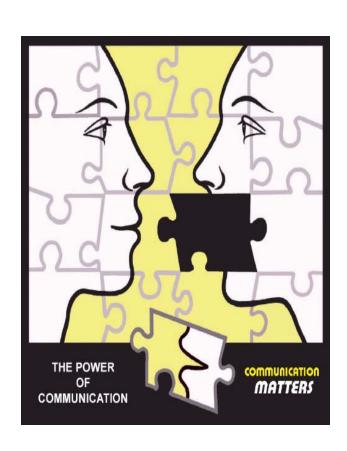
- But when I got with the CBO or when I came through the program it put a lot of things in perspective, like I didn't know a lot of this s***.
 - -Participant 2
- I think it raised awareness of different STDs and epidemics that are attached to the black community
 - -Participant 6







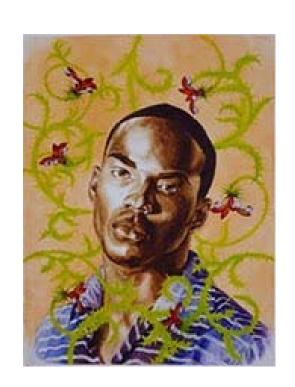
Focus Group Findings: Communication



- Communication
 - Improvement of communication with advertising for events and providing clear details (time, place) for events.
- There's no communication point blank
 -Participant 2
- the weakness of promotion would be a weakness of the group
 -Participant 1
- The thing about it is, not a lot of follow through.. even when there were meetings, like things that did happen, those things were not executed. Because if you gonna bring these people together, and take the time to listen to them, hear them out, taking their views and opinions, but then you not gonna do anything with it then what's the point of bringing them together
 - -Participant 8
- Request for more social support

Focus Group Findings: Advice On Expanding the CBO's Audience

I think that the CBO, how do I put this nicely, the CBO targets the gay youth in the club scenetype youth, I don't think they target, the masculine, normal, well not "normal" but everyday masculine man, , but they're still not getting some people



-Participant 6

Focus Group Findings: Advice On Expanding the CBO's Audience

There's not a lot other transgenders who come to the organization they need a little bit more input, I understand (men is in the title), but like I said they need put more emphasis on trans.... You know there out there God Bless them, fu**** everything in the world, half of them don't use protection That's why I come, to show that I am trans, that I am here, cus my thing is that they don't see one of them there, they are not gonna come no if's and's or but's about it, I guess tryna get more other people

-Participant 7



Program Assessment, Discussion and Recommendations



Program Assessment



- Strengths of the program
 - Strength in meeting grant goals
 - High client satisfaction
- Limitations of the program
 - Struggle to reach the other facets of the MSM community
 - Need to Improve rapport with clients

Discussion

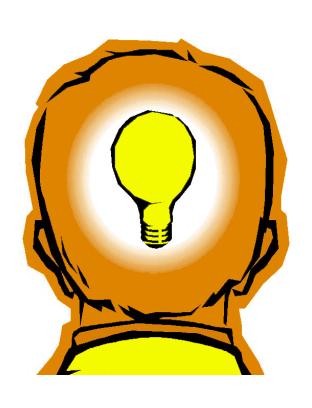
- Reframe Diversity
 - Masculinity Performance
- The importance of relevance
 - Linguistic Trends
 - Keep applicable







Recommendations



- Expansion of the CBO's services
 - Emergency Phone Line
 - Get Volunteers to the Man the Lines
 - Peer Counselling
 - Drop- in Center
- Better Communication
- Envisioning Participant as the Customer Rather than Beneficiary
- Increased Diversity

References

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