An Integrated R&D and Evaluation Approach for Grant-Funded STEM Education Projects

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Specialization in STEM and Workforce Studies

- 12-person for-profit contracting firm
- 12 US DOL TAACCCT workforce development projects – One in Round 1, three in Round 2, two in Round 3, and six in Round 4
- 10 current NSF subcontracts ITEST, ATE, Noyce, NRT, TUES, and STEP programs

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Autumn 2015 NSF Proposal Partnerships

- Total of 12 proposals submitted or in work ITEST, AISL, RET, and DRK-12 programs
- Of these, five are very different than the other seven...

The reason why is central to this conversation!

Orientation Questions

- Are you an evaluator? A researcher? Both?
- What programs fund your work? NSF? Other?
- Awarded in the past 2 years?
- Familiar with the *Common Guidelines for Education Research and Development*?
- Have a working understanding of the distinctions among those six types of R&D?

Key Questions to be Addressed

- How is "research" framed by concepts relating to the Common Guidelines?
- How might "evaluation" be framed to complement that?
- How might reconciling these functions improve grant-supported STEM education research, evaluation, and projects?
- Why should you care about this?

The Problem – The "NSF Conundrum"

Historically, distinctions between "research" and "evaluation" have been unclear/inconsistent

- Grantee Principal Investigators focused on delivery of program activities
- External *evaluators* often became *de facto* researchers, testing the PI's innovation
- Quality of both research and evaluation suffered (Ritchie, 2008)

What, if anything, is the difference between "research" and "evaluation"…?

Research is... Evaluation is...

One Response – The Common Guidelines

- The Common Guidelines for Education Research & Development (US ED & NSF, 2013) reframe this type of work as development of education innovations
- Implication is that anything worth doing in education is worth studying and improving, and we can do better...

This "R&D orientation" supports two functions...

One Response – The Common Guidelines

- Innovations should be conceived, improved, and adopted to achieve lasting education outcomes for stakeholders (NSF Broader Impacts)
- Learning from such work should advance collective understandings about teaching and learning (NSF Intellectual Merit)

But what about "evaluation?"

Research and Evaluation Program Evaluation

Reframed as **Research and Development** (R&D)

Structured study of the *innovation* in terms of its promise of effectiveness

Internal to the project, working with designers

Reframed as **Program Evaluation**

Study of implementation and results of the **project's R&D** activities

External to the project, third-party perspective

Research and Evaluation Program Evaluation

- 6. Scale-up
- 5. Effectiveness
- 4. Efficacy
- 3. Design & Development
- 2. Early-Stage/Exploratory
- 1. Foundational

(IES & NSF, 2013)

- Implementation-Results
- Process-Product
- Monitoring
- Performance Reporting
- Formative Feedback
- Examines both research
 & design activities!



- 5. Effectiveness
- 4. Efficacy
- 3. Design & Development

Research & Development

- 2. Early-Stage/Exploratory
- 1. Foundational

(IES & NSF, 2013)

Iteratively improve the innovation's design; so its promise

Purposes

Advance collective understandings about teaching and learning

- 6. Scale-up
- 5. Effectiveness
- 4. Efficacy
- 3. Design & Development

Research & Development

- 2. Early-Stage/Exploratory
- 1. Foundational

(IES & NSF, 2013)

Development Broader Impacts

Purposes

Research Intellectual Merit

So, why should you care?

- Legitimizes foundational, exploratory, and design and development as *research*
- Establishes common distinctions among types of impact study – Efficacy, effectiveness, and scale-up
- Design and Development Research arguably has the most to offer in the real world

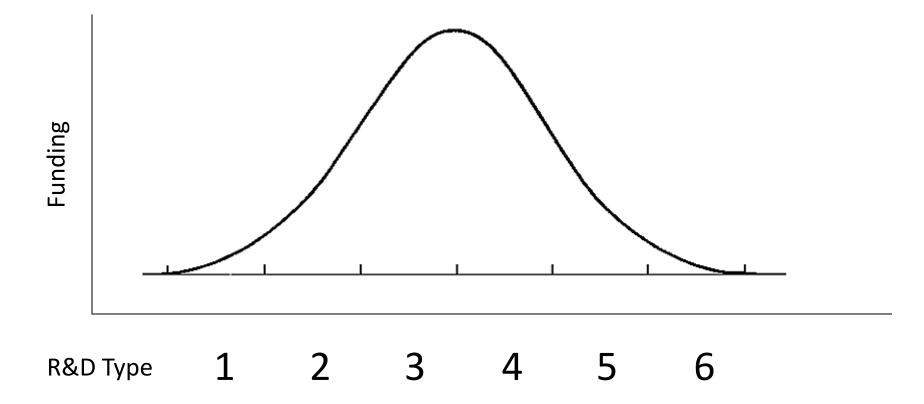
So, why should you care?

- Methodology Impact study of an underdeveloped innovation is as dumb as using case studies to prove that an innovation works
- Bears on project budgets (e.g., 5-7% versus 25-80% of total funding)
- Proposal effort for R&D research study (e.g., Design-Based Research) is much greater than for an external evaluation

Development	Research
Internal PI	
Internal PI	Internal Co-PI
Internal Co-PI	Internal PI
Internal PI	External Co-PI
External Co-PI	Internal PI

"Internal" vs. "external" relative to grantee

Commitment of Education R&D Funding



Key Message: Model 1

- I. Research & Development (R&D)
 - A. Iteratively improve the innovation's design (Development)
 - B. Advance collective understandings (Research)
- **II. Program Evaluation** (External)
 - A. Assess implementation of R&D activities
 - B. Assess results of R&D activities

Key Message: Model 2

I. Research & Development (R&D)

- A. Design the innovation
- B. Study the design
 - A. Inform improvement of the design (Development)
 - B. Advance understandings of learning (Research)

II. Program Evaluation (External)

- A. Assess implementation of R&D activities
- B. Assess results of R&D activities

Unresolved Issues

- Not everyone is up to speed regarding the R&D orientation
- Dual research imperatives of improving design and advancing understandings might require separate staff (so two models)
- What else?

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Cite this Source

Knestis, K. (2015, November). *An Integrated R&D and Evaluation Approach for Grant-Funded STEM Education Projects.* Presentation at the American Evaluation Association conference, Chicago, IL.



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