Teacher Effectiveness and Teacher Quality: What's the Difference

Dr. Nathan Balasubramanian, iLearn, LLC. Ms. Joy Perry, Fort Morgan School District Ms. Roxie Bracken, Keenesburg School District Mr. Donald Franzen, Weld Central High School Mr. Ben Bauman, Fort Morgan Middle School Mr. David Miller, Hoff Elementary School

Think Tank Session 605

Sponsored by Pre-K – 12 Educational Evaluation Topical Interest Group (TIG)

Friday, Nov. 12, 2010, 1:40 PM to 3:10 PM

Agenda

- Overview (1:40-2:35)
- Small Group Discussions (2:35-2:55)
- Check & Connect (2:55-3:05)
- Q & A Overflow (3:05)

Key Ideas

- "Break It Down"
- "Analytics" (Information + Insights → Action)

| | Past | Present | Future |
|-------------|------|---------|--------|
| Information | ✓ | ☑ | ☑ |
| Insights | ☑ | ☑ | ☑ |
| Action | ⊻ | ✓ | ⊿ |

Definitions

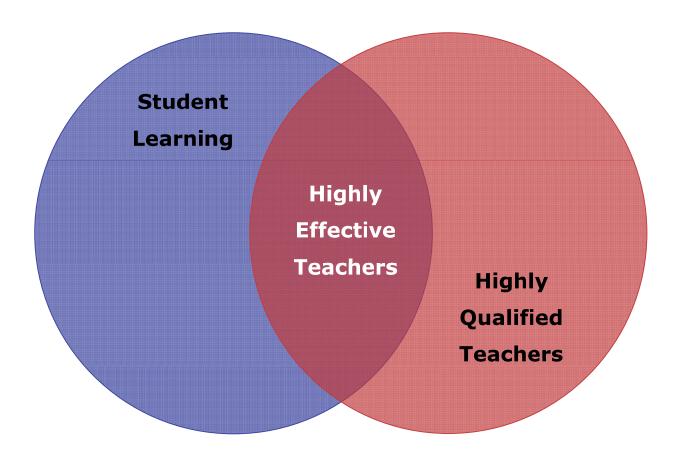
Highly Qualified Teacher (Certification focused)

Per the *No Child Left Behind Act of 2001*, a "highly qualified teacher" (HQT) is one who holds <u>at least</u> a bachelor's degree, has obtained full State certification, and has demonstrated <u>knowledge</u> in the <u>core academic subjects he or she teaches</u>.

Highly Effective Teacher* (Student Learning focused)

Per our **working definition**, a "highly effective teacher*" is one who has <u>at least 67%</u> of his or her students making <u>a year or more than a year's growth</u> in a year's time. And an <u>effective teacher</u> is one who has <u>at least 50%</u> of his or her student making <u>a year or more than a year's growth</u> in a year's time.

Highly Effective vs. Highly Qualified



What and how much are students learning?

Norm-Referenced Assessments

Percentile Scores

Criterion-Referenced Assessments

Scale Scores

Value-Added Analyses

Performance Index Scores (one approach)

Some common questions that these scores & analyses might help answer

How does a student's achievement stack up against the achievement of other similar students?

What is the relative standing of the student across a broad domain of content?

How does a student stack up against the established benchmarks of achievement?

What content and skills has the student mastered?

© Balasubramanian, Perry, Bracken, Franzen, Bauman, & Miller, 2010

How does a student's current level of achievement stack up against the student's past level of achievement?

What instructional strategies (used by a teacher) might be contributing to student's growth in learning?

Understanding scale scores*

A scale score is a transformation of a raw score (number of items answered correctly) into an equal-interval scale, using cut scores determined through the process of standard setting. For e.g.,

Table 7.2 Proficiency Level Ranges for Grades 3 – 8, and 11 Reading

| Grade | Below Basic | Basic | Proficient | Advanced |
|-------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| 3 | 300 - 519 | 520 583 | 584 - 660 | 661 - 975 |
| 4 | 300 - 569 | 570 - 633 | 634 - 699 | 700 - 975 |
| 5 | 300 - 586 | 587 - 638 | 639 - 706 | 707 - 975 |
| 6 | 300 - 593 | 594 - 649 | 650 - 717 | 718 - 975 |
| 7 | 300 - 609 | 610 - 667 | 668 - 745 | 746 - 975 |
| 8 | 300 - 623 | 624 - 675 | 676 - 748 | 749 - 975 |
| 11 | 50 - 144 | 145 - 158 | 159 - 177 | 178 - 250 |

^{*} From 2009 PAWS Technical Report. See pp. 89-90 for complete list

Achievement and Growth Definitions

```
PAWS (Proficiency Assessments For Wyoming Students) Proficiency Levels => 4.00-4.99 = Advanced; 3.00-3.99 = Proficient; 2.00-2.99 = Basic; 1.00-1.99 = Below Basic
```

Performance Index = Proficiency Level + Incremental Proficiency Incremental Proficiency = (Student Scale Score – LOSS)/(HOSS – LOSS)

```
High Achievement ≥ Proficient = 3.00 or above
Low Achievement < Proficient = 2.99 or below
```

Value-added Growth = Students' PAWS Performance Index (Year N) - Students' PAWS Performance Index (Year N-1)

```
Low Growth \leq -0.01 or below
High Growth \geq +0.01 or above
Typical Growth = 0.00
```

Two Key Performance Indicators

Achievement (Ability/KABATD Indicator) PLC, Q4 High Achievement High Achievement Low Growth High Growth **Growth (Progress Indicator)** Low Achievement Low Achievement High Growth Low Growth PLC, Q3

Quadrant Model with Labels

PLC, Q5

High Achievement

+ = LOOKING QUADRANT

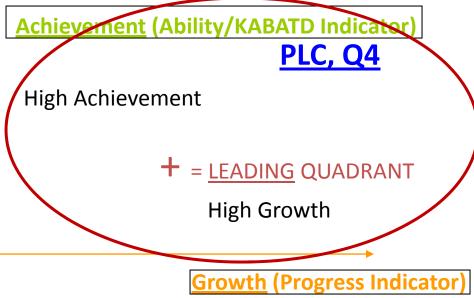
Low Growth

Low Achievement

+ = <u>LABORING</u> QUADRANT

Low Growth

PLC, Q3



Low Achievement

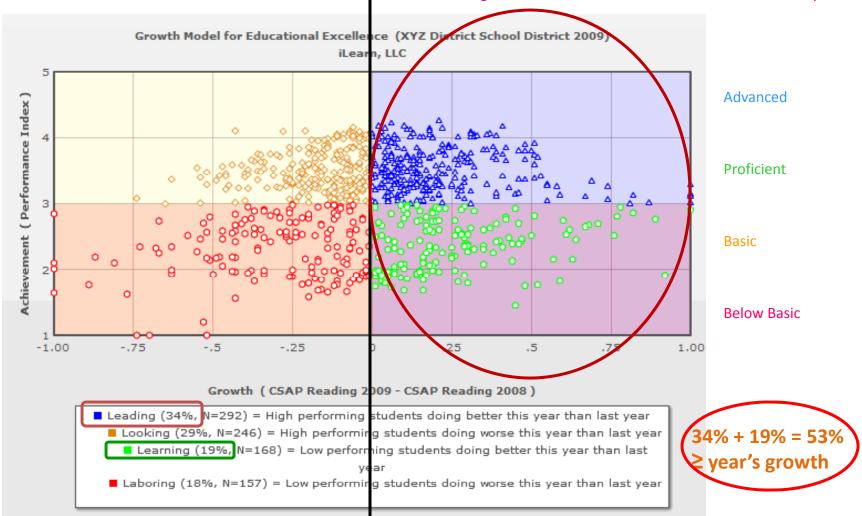
+ = <u>LEARNING</u> QUADRANT

High Growth

PLC, Q6

Quadrant Model – Visualizing Data

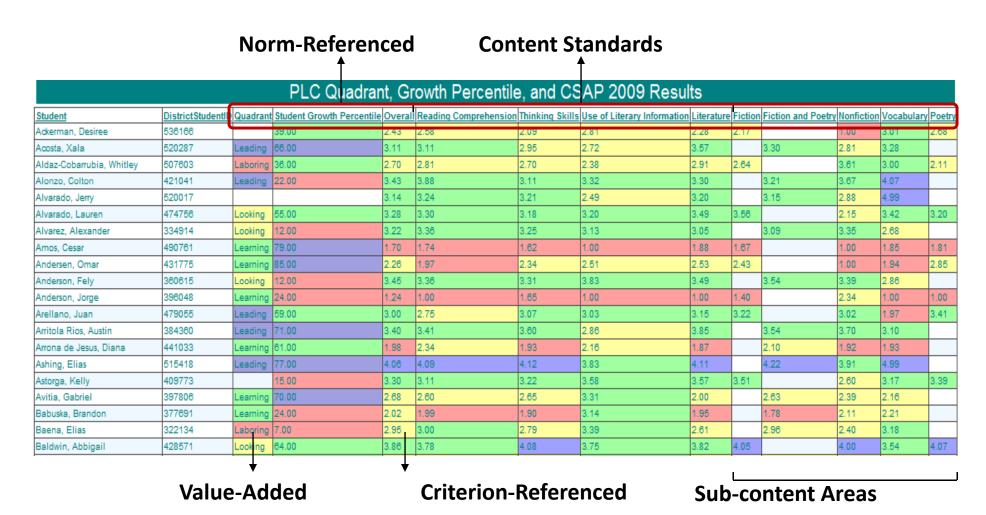
Students making a YEAR or MORE THAN a YEAR'S GROWTH in one year



Students LOSING GROUND in one year

© Balasubramanian, Perry, Bracken, Franzen, Bauman, & Miller, 2010

Strength Charts – Mining Data

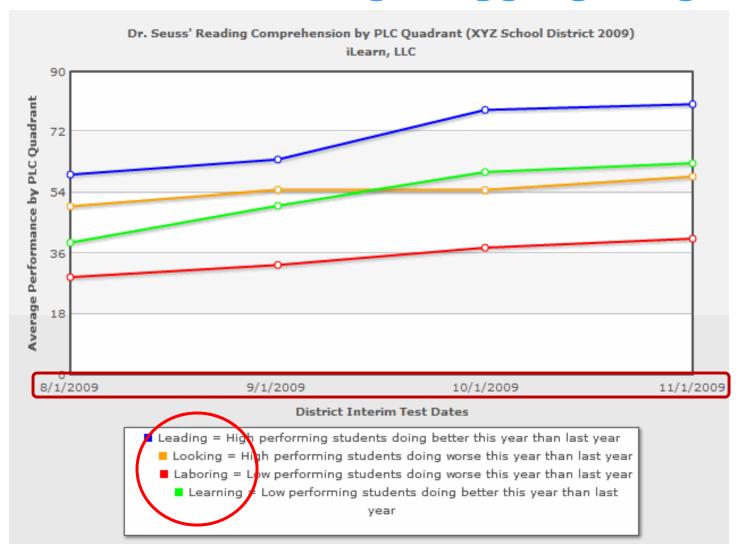


© Balasubramanian, Perry, Bracken, Franzen, Bauman, & Miller, 2010

Kid/Teacher Maps – Insights from Data

| Performance Index | Performance Skill | Point for CR | Item Type | DOK |
|----------------------|--|--------------|--------------|-----|
| 4.52 | Explain the text's main point and use relevant details to support the explanation. | 3 of 3 | CR | 3 |
| 4.49 | Make predictions and draw conclusions from text in various genre. | 2 of 2 | CR | 3 |
| 4.49 | Make predictions and draw conclusions from text in various genre. | 3 of 3 | CR | 3 |
| 4.16 | Use reading to define and solve problems and answer questions. | 2 of 2 | CR | 3 |
| 4.14 | Make predictions and draw conclusions from text in various genre. | 2 of 3 | CR | 3 |
| 4.06 | Make predictions and draw conclusions from text in various genre. | | MC | 2 |
| 4.03 | Explain the text's main point and use relevant details to support the explanation. | 2 of 3 | CR | 3 |
| 4.01 | Make predictions and draw conclusions from text in various genre. | 1 of 3 | CR | 3 |
| 3.91 | Differentiate fact from opinion in a variety of texts. | | MC | 2 |
| 3.74 | Use reading to define and solve problems and answer questions. | | MC | 1 |
| 3.55 | Use reading to define and solve problems and answer questions. | 1 of 2 | CR | 3 |
| 3.51 | Explain the text's main point and use relevant details to support the explanation. | 3 of 3 | CR | 1 |
| 3.47 | Explain the text's main point and use relevant details to support the explanation. | 1 of 3 | CR | 3 |
| 3.33 | Make predictions and draw conclusions from text in various genre. | 1 of 2 | CR | 3 |
| 2.75 | Use reading to define and solve problems and answer questions. | | MC | 1 |
| 2.66 | Explain the text's main point and use relevant details to support the explanation. | 2 of 3 | CR | 1 |
| 2.59 | Determine author's purpose. | | MC | 3 |
| 2.48 | Explain the text's main point and use relevant details to support the explanation. | 1 of 3 | CR | |
| 2.12 | Determine author's purpose. | | MC | 3 |
| 1.92 | Make predictions and draw conclusions from text in various genre. | | MC | 3 |

Evidence of Learning – Aggregating Data



© Balasubramanian, Perry, Bracken, Franzen, Bauman, & Miller, 2010

Fort Morgan Story

- Priority District
- Comprehensive Review findings
 - Need to establish essential learning targets
 - Need to understand and act on important data
 - Need shared leadership/accountability
- New accountability system
 - Emphasis on growth for every student

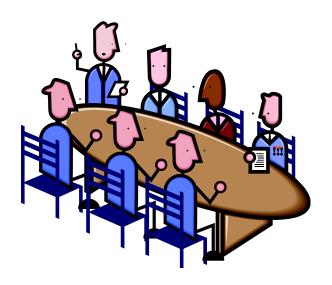
Fort Morgan Story

- Demographics
 - 69 % free/reduced lunch
 - 60% Hispanic
 - 35% ELL
 - Rapidly increasing immigrant population
 - Status data showing steady decline
 - Graduation and drop out statistics troublesome
 - Results not commensurate with effort



How do we improve?

- Curriculum alignment process
- Establishing Professional Learning Communities (PLCs)
- Establish culture of continuous improvement
- Use of meaningful data
 - HarnessData™ pilot at FMMS



What is meaningful data?

- Understand existing state
- Plan for desired state
- Bring focus and intentionality to the work
- Use the data to ask questions and tell the
 - story
- Use data to evaluate progress

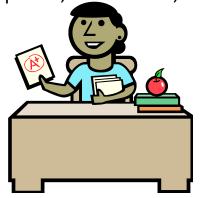
How are we using HarnessData™?

- To understand student strengths and weaknesses (standards-based)
- To identify student growth
- To establish an approximate "learning progression"
 - Used DOK and list of skills for each proficiency level taken from test item maps
- To inform student interventions (RAM time)

How are we using HarnessData™?

- To identify high performing teachers
- To support teacher self evaluation "How did I do?"
- To support peer observation and professional growth
- To set and review SMART* goals

* Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Research-based, and Time-phased





Fort Morgan Middle School Story

- Demographics
 - 481 Students/38 certified staff members
 - 72 % free/reduced lunch
 - 63% Hispanic
 - 3% Black or African American
 - 34% ELL

Schedule

- Each student has 6 classes and 2 Unified Arts Classes
- Classes are 50 minutes long UA's are 40 minutes
- 85 minute common plan time
- Teams meet at least twice a week
 - PLC work
 - Instruction planning
 - Student meetings
- RAM Time (Reading and Mentoring)
 - Added math this year
 - Incorporating HarnessData™ discussions with students
- MASH (Mandatory After School Help)

Conclusion

- Thinking ahead to student results in August 2011
- Lessons learned

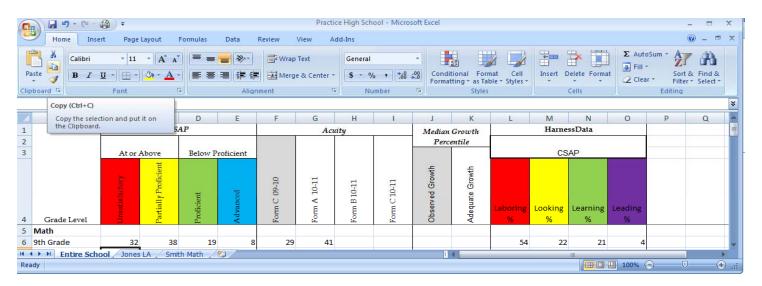


Keenesburg Story

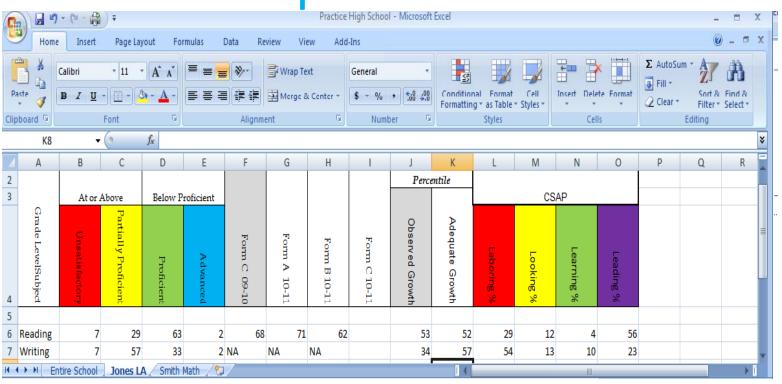
- How are we doing as a school, as a grade and by teacher?
- If the school/grade/teacher is not performing as well as needed, does this indicate a curriculum, instructional or assessment alignment issue?
- What does it mean when 2/3 of the students are making a year's growth or more in a year's time?

Principal Data Sheet

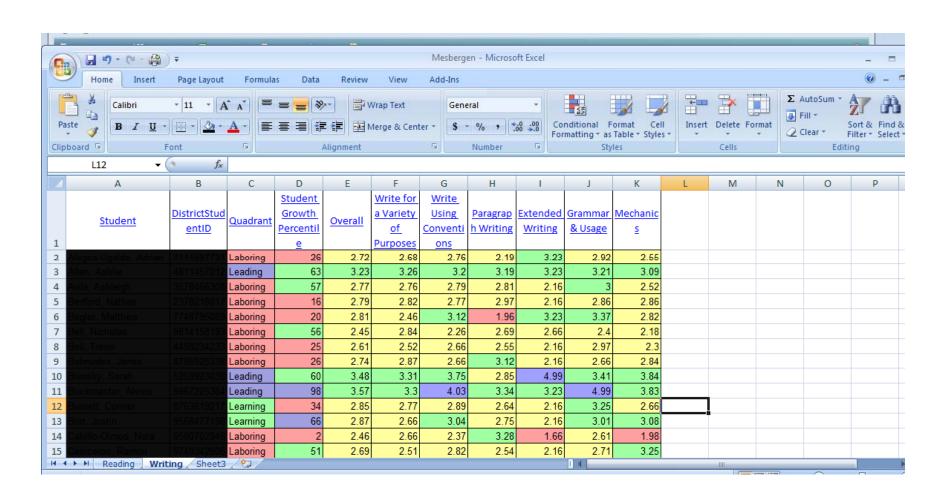
Communication from district to school



Principal Data Sheet



Principal Data Sheet



Keenesburg: A High School Story

- Interventions for individual students are specific and targeted to meet their needs
- Data is providing needed conversations around curriculum and instruction
- Essential information about students and instructional strategies
- How am I doing instructionally? Am I meeting instructional targets?

Sample High School Teacher Perspectives

- Lets me focus on the holes of knowledge in my students.
- Very useful in looking at places where I can improve based on standards. Useful to have conversations with students where they can improve.
- This is the most useful way to look at data I have looked at in nearly a decade of education.

Keenesburg: An Elementary School Story

- Aligning teacher job targets to student achievement
- Aligning school improvement plan to job targets and student achievement
- Spring board to formative data and back to state assessment data

Summary

- Non-threatening, transparent, self-evaluative, web-based, outcome-analytic tool
- Constructive and timely feedback to teachers and administrators
- Personalized instructional strategies and interventions
- Collaborative, Continuous Instructional Improvement Processes and Practices

Thank You Very Much For Your Time

Here is our Contact Information

| Dr. Nathan Balasubramanian | Ms. Joy Perry | Ms. Roxie Bracken |
|---|---|---|
| President iLearn, LLC. 651 Homestead Street Lafayette, CO 80026 | Assistant Superintendent Fort Morgan School District 715 West Platte Avenue Fort Morgan, CO 80701 | Executive Director Keenesburg School District 99 W Broadway Street Keenesburg, CO 80643 |
| Nathan@iLearnLLC.org Phone: (303) 746-2875 | jperry@morgan.k12.co.us Phone: (970) 370-6113 | roxiebracken@re3j.com Phone: (303) 536-2006 |