

How to Engage Stakeholders to Address Data Quality Issues in Outcome Monitoring

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FACILITATOR'S AGENDA

HIV Prevention Program [HPP] Outcome Monitoring Workshop

10:00am – Introduction

10:20am

- **Welcome** - Introduce myself and state the purpose of the meeting
 - **Icebreaker** - Participants draw on a blank card first thing they think of when they think of outcome monitoring; they introduce themselves and their drawing
 - **Review agenda** for the day and answer any questions
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10:20am – Review of Outcome Monitoring Purpose and Process

10:40am

- **Present** "Outcome Monitoring – A Brief Review" (PowerPoint)
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10:40am- Set Expectations for Results

11:10am

- **Review** of Program HP goals
 - **Small Group Exercise**
 - Agency staff write down on hand-outs/flipcharts their expected results
 - Show example on PowerPoint slides
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11:10am- Review and Process Results

12:30 pm

- **Present** results and compare expected to actual
[Note – the small groups set expectations only for some of the results; the results with chart numbers are the ones we can compare expected with actual]
 - **Refer** to expected results on flip charts during presentation
 - **Discuss** their reactions to the results presented along the way, highlighting where most of the discrepancies emerge, and facilitating conversations on why they think those discrepancies are there between what the data shows compared to what they expected.
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12: 30pm- LUNCH *[based on a setting where lunch is provided in the meeting space]*

1:15pm

1:15pm – Brainstorm Recommendations for Change

2:45pm

- **Small Group Exercise**
 - Provide each organization with a handout containing their specific results and a set of questions to guide a discussion of the issues that arose in the results. Organize the handout by the main issues (e.g., recruitment, retention, data quality).
 - *Issue 1: Recruitment* (population isn't quite those for whom the program was designed i.e. young, at high risk).
Discussion questions: Who is being targeted? Where is the appropriate place to recruit? When should recruitment be done? What messages should be delivered during recruitment? How should the messages be delivered? Who is the most

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appropriate person to do the recruitment?

- **Issue 2: Retention** (few people completed 1-month follow-up). Discussion questions: Why might people not be showing up for follow-up? How does this impact the outcome monitoring evaluation process? What methods can be used to collect follow-up data to get better response rate and for providing incentives; develop list of incentives, what population it works for, what the positives/advantages and negatives/disadvantages of each are.
- **Issue 3: Data Quality** (missing data on questionnaires). Discussion questions: why are people not filling them out fully? What things can be done to change this? How can the questionnaires be modified? How can the message given before handing out questionnaires be modified?
- After the small group work, the organizations present their ideas to the full group (20 minutes each topic and 15 minutes to present).

The timing and content of this exercise can be adjusted based on the number and kinds of specific issues that arise in your particular setting. While this example speaks to recruitment, retention, data quality, yours could be different e.g. negative results.

2:45pm-
3:45pm

Identify Next Steps

- **Explain** the purpose of the exercise and have the funder speak briefly about why they wanted to have this done

[it is important for the funder to explain that the purpose is to identify how to improve how Outcome Monitoring is done so that implementers can have more ownership of the data and also see how they can look at and use the data they are collecting to make implementation improvements on an ongoing way]

- **Large Group Exercise**

- Outline on flip charts what are the key challenges/barriers they anticipate in being able to make the changes they identified and discussed in the earlier exercise.
- Outline on flip charts what are the key supports needed from the funder to facilitate these changes .
- Wrap-up from funder with information on next steps.

3:45pm-
4pm

Meeting Evaluation



Introduction

Ice breaker



PARTICIPANT AGENDA

HIV Prevention Program [HPP] Outcome Monitoring Workshop

10am – 10:20am	Introductions
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10:20am – 10:40am	Review of Outcome Monitoring Purpose and Process
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10:40am-11:10am	Set Expectations for Results
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11:10am – 12:30pm	Review and Process Results
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12:30pm-1:15pm	LUNCH
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1:15pm – 2:45pm	Brainstorm Recommendations for Change
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2:45pm-3:45pm	Identify Next Steps
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3:45pm-4pm	Meeting Evaluation
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Introduction



Review Outcome Monitoring Process and Purpose

OUTCOME MONITORING

A Short Review



The routine process of monitoring whether or not service recipients achieve outcomes consistent with established objectives for how much they will improve on particular measures



Identify which components of a program are working and which are not

Help improve program effectiveness



1.Knowledge

3.Beliefs

2.Attitudes

4.Behaviors

5.Intentions

What

How

Why

When



What Do You Know About HIV and AIDS and other Sexually Transmitted Diseases?

Please circle the best answer (either “True” or “False”) to each statement below. If you do not know please take a guess.

1. Condoms aren't needed as long as a sex partner looks healthy.

True False

2. Vaseline is the best lubricant (lube) to use with a latex condom to prevent HIV.

True False

3. Pulling out before you cum is as good at preventing HIV as using a condom.

True False

4. In terms of risk for HIV, oral sex is less risky than anal sex.

True False

Pre: Immediately before the intervention

Post: Immediately after the intervention

Follow-up: Several weeks/months after the intervention



STEPS

1. Determine purpose and uses
2. Develop measurable outcome objectives
3. Collect/gather credible evidence
4. Analyze information & develop conclusions
5. Report findings





Introduction



Review Outcome Monitoring Process and Purpose



Set Expectations for Results

Provide
Context

Review program goals,
key activities, data collection
schedule and measures

Small Group Exercise

Instructions

1. Break into small groups by organization
2. Handout blank expected results charts

Chart -1

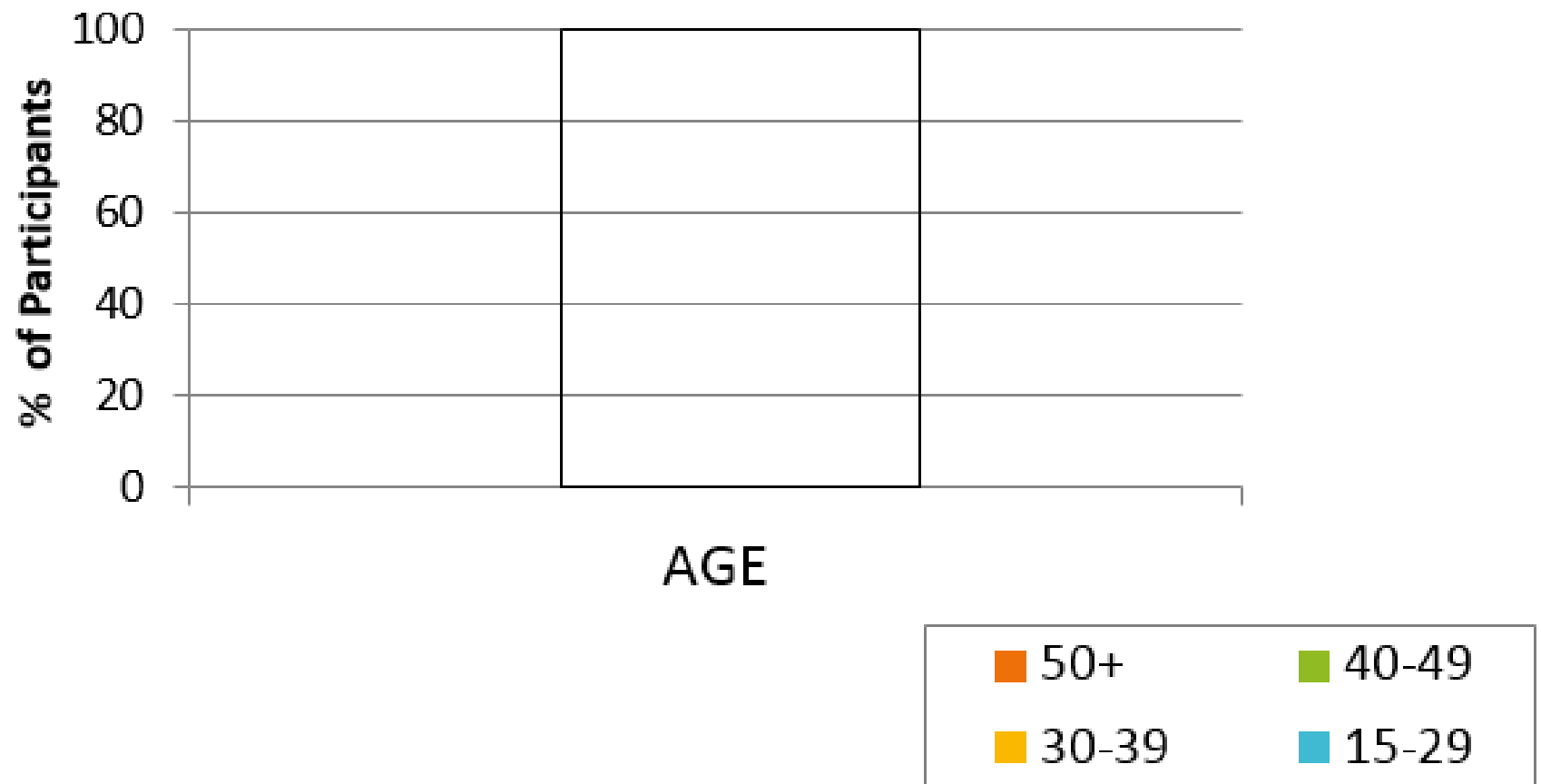


Chart - 2

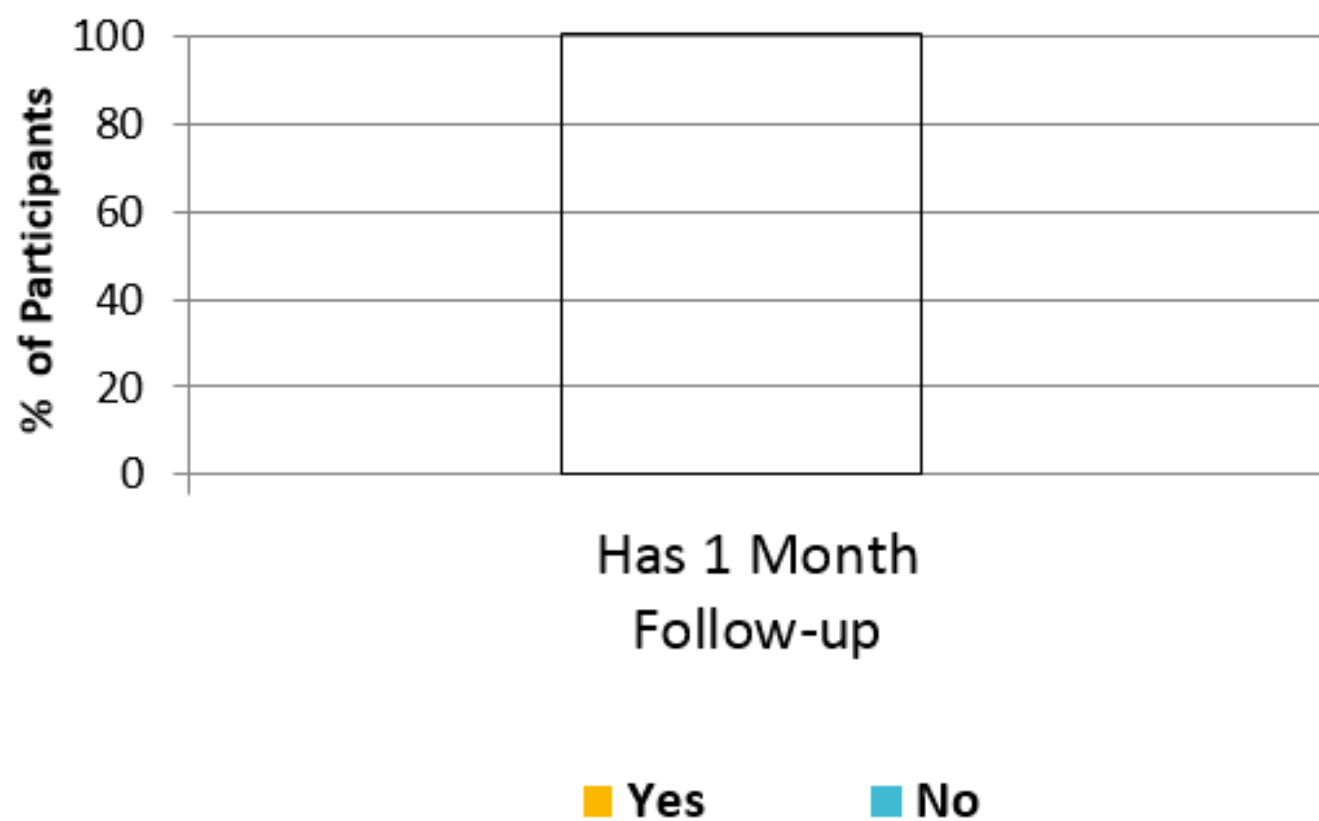
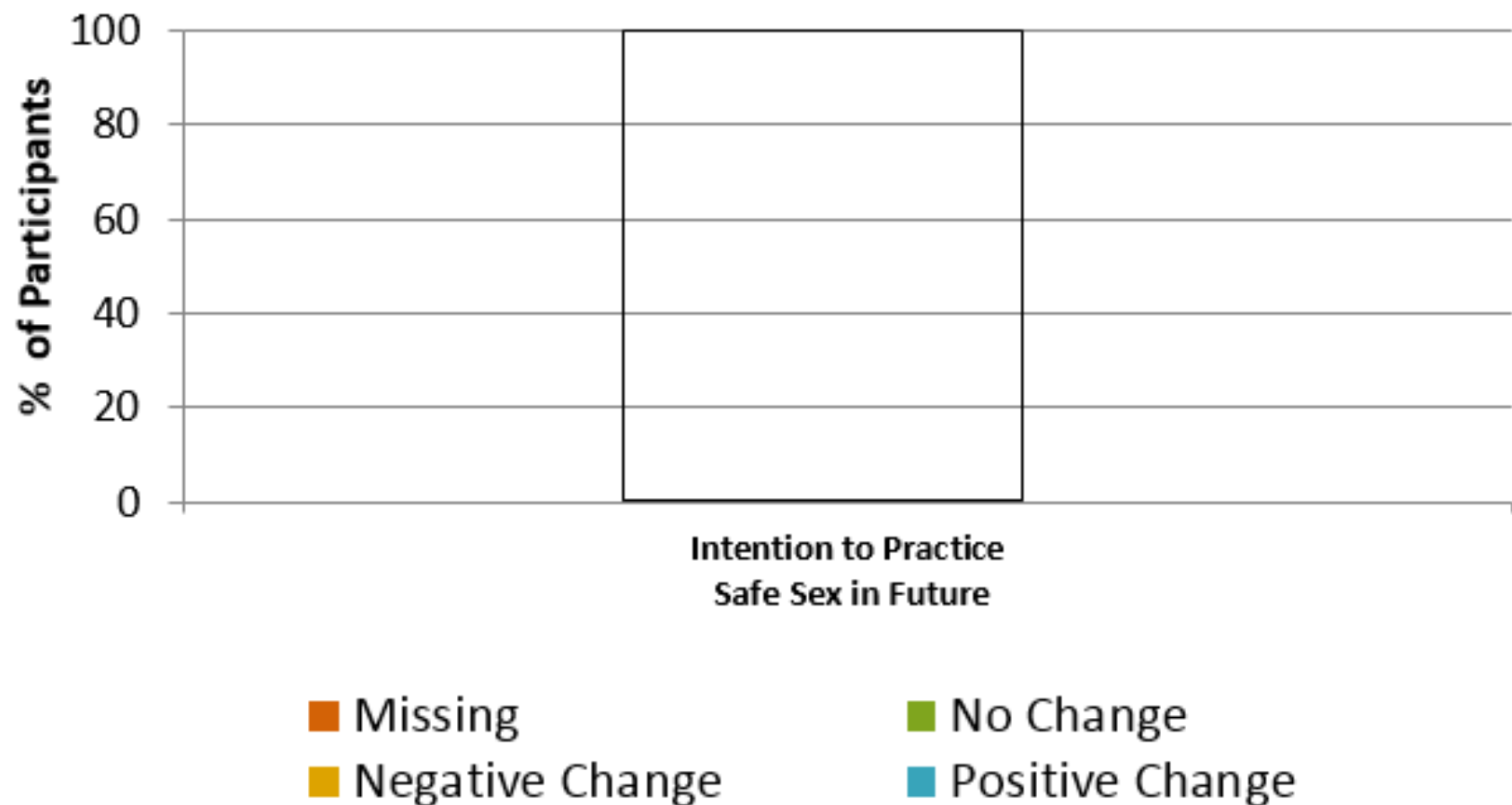


Chart - 3



Small Group Exercise

Instructions

1. Break into small groups by organization
2. Handout blank expected results charts
3. Have individuals fill-in charts
4. Ask programs to come to consensus and put expected results on flip charts



Introduction



Review Outcome Monitoring Process and Purpose



Set Expectations for Results

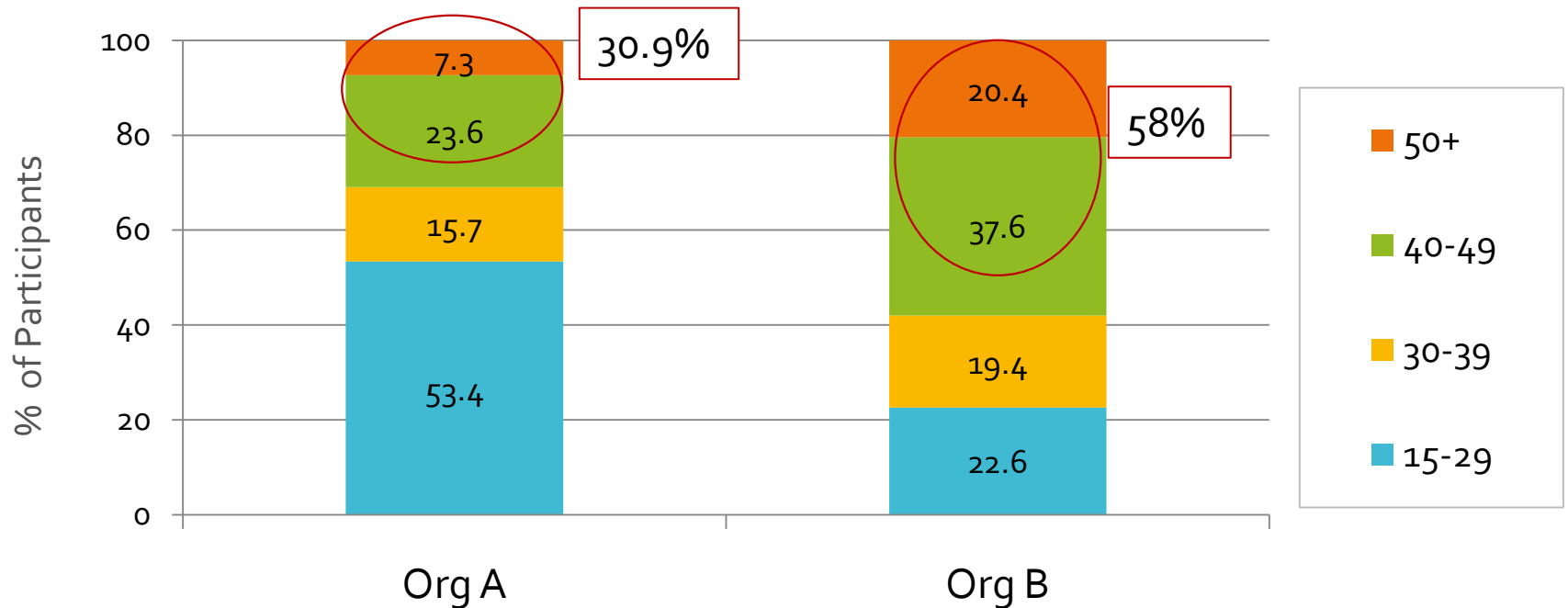


Review and Process Results

WHO ARE THE HPP PARTICIPANTS?

Chart - 1

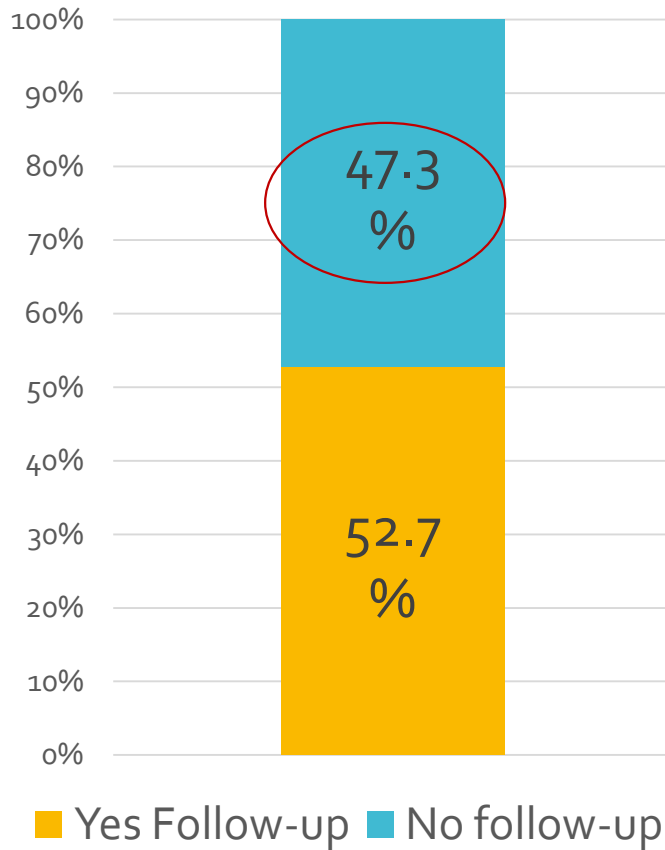
AGE DISTRIBUTION BY AGENCY



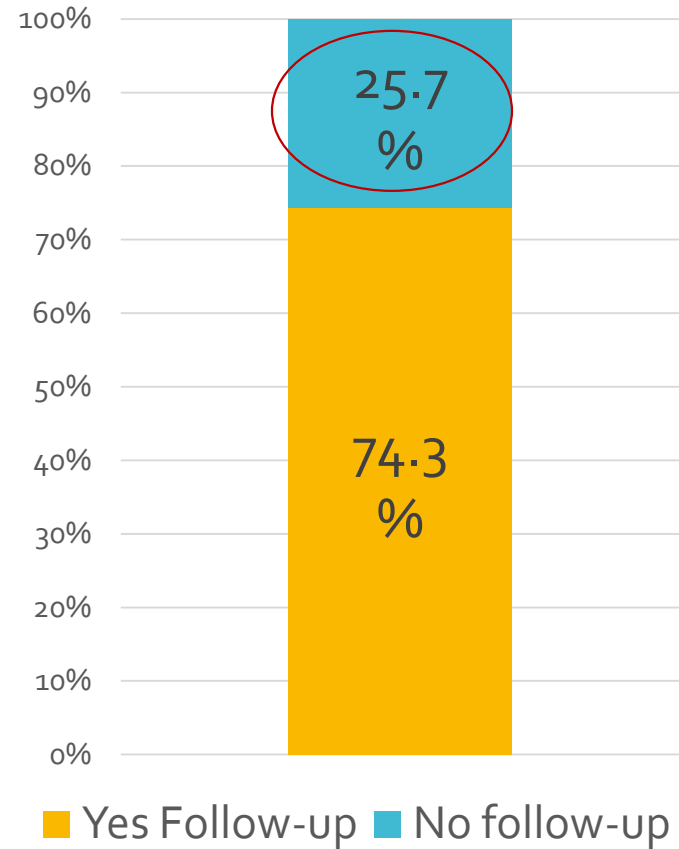
30-Day Follow-up

Chart - 2

Organization A



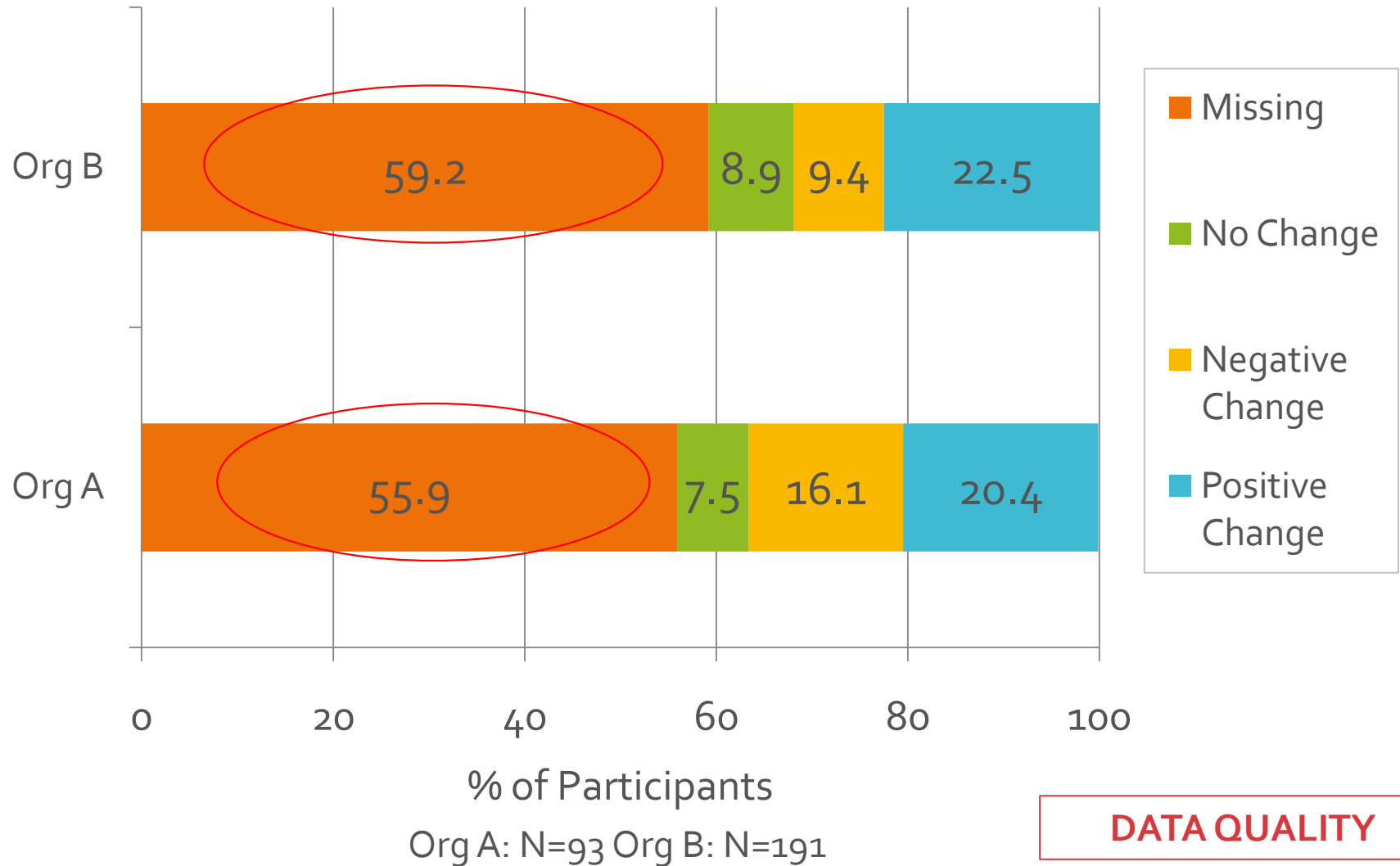
Organization B



RETENTION

INTENTION TO PRACTICE SAFE SEX IN THE FUTURE

Chart - 3





Introduction



Review Outcome Monitoring Process and Purpose



Set Expectations for Results



Review and Process Results



Brainstorm Recommendations for Change

Small Group Exercise

Instructions

1. Break into small groups by organization
2. Provide organization-specific handout, structured by main issues

Small Group Exercise

EXAMPLE

Organization A

Issue 1: Recruitment

Finding: 58% >40 years old

Discussion Questions: Who is being targeted? Where is the appropriate place to recruit? When should recruitment be done? What messages should be delivered during recruitment? How should the messages be delivered? Who is the most appropriate person to do recruitment

Small Group Exercise

Instructions

1. Break into small groups by organization
2. Provide organization-specific handout, structured by main issues
3. Organizations write recommendations on flip charts
4. Organizations present to larger group



Introduction



Review
Outcome Monitoring
Process and Purpose



Set Expectations for
Results



Review and Process
Results



Brainstorm
Recommendations
for Change



Identify Next Steps

Large Group Exercise

Instructions

1. List the key challenges/barriers to implementing recommendations
2. List key supports needed from the funder to facilitate action
3. Facilitate conversation about next steps

Benefits

- Provoke change instead of defensiveness
- Promote ownership
- Foster funder-implementer conversation
- Provide opportunity for reflection

Contact Info

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