

Coaching Competencies vs. Evaluator Competencies - a draft comparison

International Coach Federation Core Competencies	Why it Matters	AEA Evaluator Competencies	Crosswalk
A. Setting the Foundation 1. Meeting Ethical Guidelines and Professional Standards 2. Establishing the Coaching Agreement	Credentialed coaches maintain an ethical standard, and focus on what a coaching interaction is. Coaches ensure the client is aware of the process and relationship.	1.0 Professional Practice focuses on what makes evaluators distinct as practicing professionals.	Coaching can help us frame stronger Intentionality in the relationship, and how we bring our professional selves and expertise to the client.
 B. Co-creating the Relationship 3. Establishing Trust and Intimacy with the Client 4. Coaching Presence 	Creating safety in the coaching relationship, and a supportive environment - and brings lightness, humor, intuition and energy forward.	5.0 Interpersonal focuses on human relations and social interactions that ground evaluator effectiveness for professional practice throughout the evaluation.	Coaching pushes us to add intuition, humor and lightness to handle challenging dynamics with an appropriate set of tools.
C. Communicating Effectively5. Active Listening6. Powerful Questioning7. Direct Communication	The ability to set aside the agenda and focus on what is beyond the words. Uses openended questions to keep from presuming value.	3.0 Context focuses on understanding the unique circumstances, multiple perspectives, and changing settings of evaluations and their users/stakeholders.	Coaching uses a "blank access" or judgement-free frame to understand context and get into the user/ stakeholder perspective, giving us another set of tools for neutralizing our own biases.
D. Facilitating Learning and Results 8. Creating Awareness 9. Designing Actions 10. Planning and Goal Setting 11. Managing Progress and Accountability	Let's client lead on the awareness, and puts strong emphasis on action/accountability.	4.0 Planning & Management focuses on determining and monitoring work plans, timelines, resources, and other components needed to complete and deliver an evaluation study.	Evaluators will find this the most aligned of the competencies; the major distinction is in who frames the action plan.
		2.0 Methodology focuses on technical aspects of evidence-based, systematic inquiry for valued purposes	This often focuses on the expertise of the evaluator, and a coach may or may not add value through expertise in methodology.

Betsy's push: If we hold ourselves accountable to evidence-based practices in evaluation, why not also for coaching?