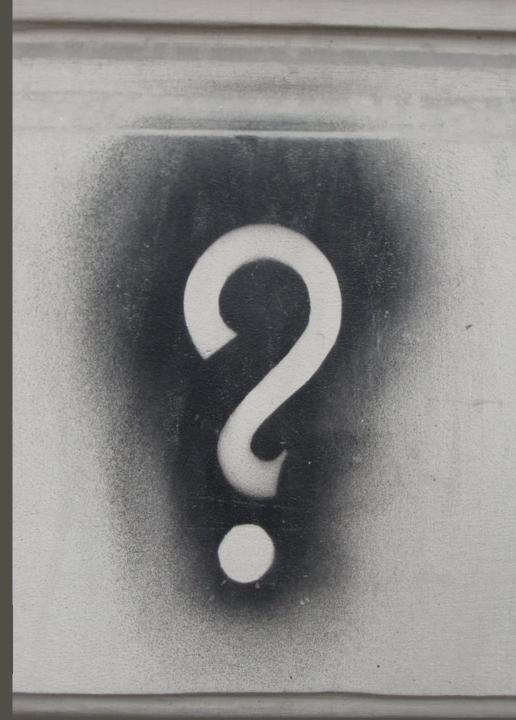
It's All in How You Ask The Nuances of Survey Question Design

Kim Firth Leonard Sheila B Robinson

> Evaluation 2014 Denver, CO



#### Sheila B Robinson

6 addresses in Rochester

#### 4 evaluationrelated jobs

2 cats



Countless surveys

Grant Coordinator / Program Evaluator Greece Central School District

Adjunct Professor University of Rochester

#### **Kim Firth Leonard**

2 beagles

# 6 addresses in Portland

# 5 ongoing evaluation projects

#### Countless surveys

Senior Evaluation Officer The Oregon Community Foundation



**66** *If you do not ask the right questions, you do not get the right answers.* 

Edward Hodnett, 20th
century poet and writer

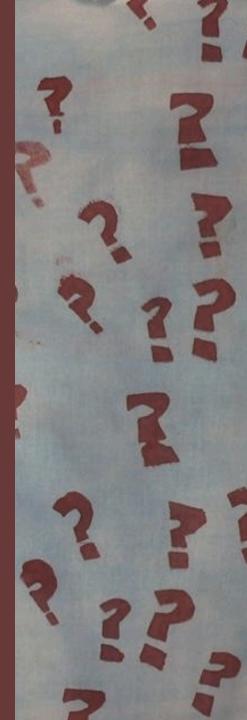


# WHY?

#### **Mutual frustration**

#### **Desire to improve**

**Co-creation** 

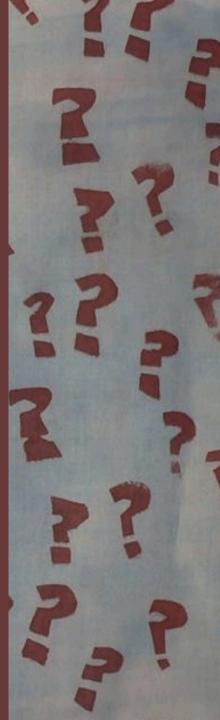


# WHAT?

Explore

#### **Increase confidence**

Develop new resource

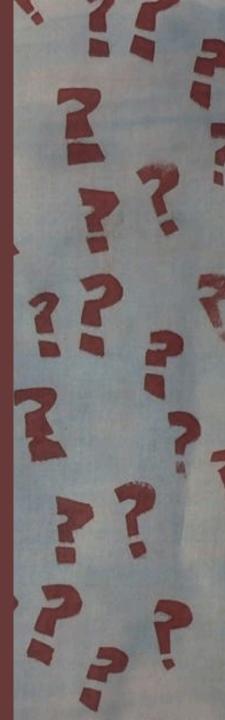


# NOT...

#### **Evaluation questions**

All the answers

Details of validity/ reliability testing, or analysis of responses





# HOW?

Share what we've learned

Engage in design challenges

Discuss key challenges & tips

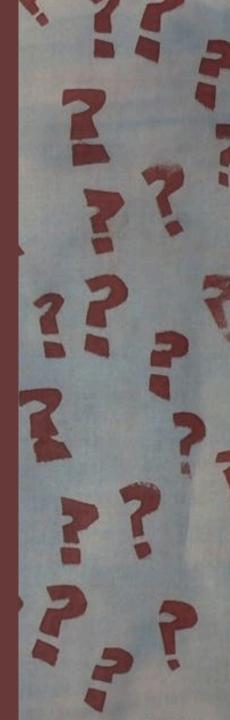
# The importance of survey question design



# The Quiz

**Reflections?** 

## Why this is so painful.



## A Tale Of Two Polls





## PDK/Gallup

## **Education Next**

## PDK/Gallup

#### Do you favor or oppose having the teachers in your community use the Common Core State Standards to guide what they teach?

## PDK/Gallup

# 60% of respondents said they oppose

As you may know, in the last few years states have been deciding whether or not to use the Common Core, which are standards for reading and math that are the same across the states. In the states that have these standards, they will be used to hold public schools accountable for their performance. Do you support or oppose the use of the Common Core standards in your state?

As you may know, in the last few years states have been deciding whether or not to use the Common Core, which are standards for reading and math that are the same across the states. In the states that have these standards, they will be used to hold public schools accountable for their performance. Do you support or oppose the use of the Common Core standards in your state?

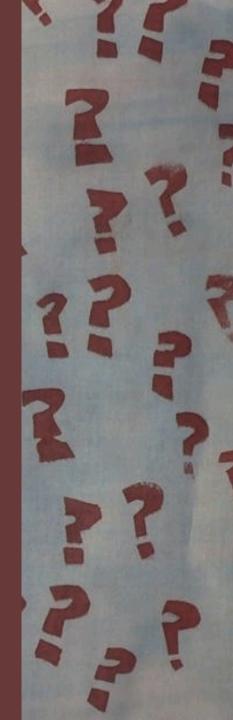
#### 47% of respondents said they oppose

# Common Core = 15 points

### **66** The first thing you learn is that there is no right way to ask a question.

- Paul Peterson, editor-in-chief, Education Next

# More examples!



The questions in this survey will refer to the provider named in Question 1 as "this provider." Please think of that person as you answer the survey. Is this the provider you usually see if you need a check-up, want advice about a health problem, or get sick or hurt?

Yes

O No

How long have you been going to this provider?

- Less than 6 months
- At least 6 months but less than 1 year
- At least 1 year but less than 3 years
- At least 3 years but less than 5 years
- 5 years or more

## But I haven't *been* going to this provider!



On a scale of 1 to 10, please rate how well BestBuy.com performed in regard to the follo					wing. Huh?						
Please select one response for each.	Poor 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Excellent 10	Don't Know
The specific product you were looking for was available for purchase on BestBuy.com	$\bigcirc$	0	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$
The number or customer reviewe and ratings	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$									
The product prices on BestBuy.com	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$									
The ability to compare different products on BestBuy.com	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$									
The variety of products offered on BestBuy.com	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$									
	Poor 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Excellent 10	Don't Know
The ability to locate the products on BestBuy.com	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$									
The visual appeal of BestBuy.com	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$									
The ease to get where you want on BestBuy.com	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$									
How well the product images show the product	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$									

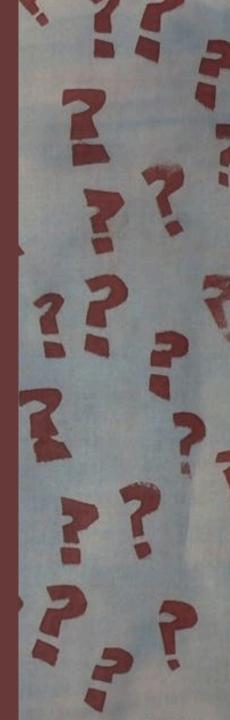


MOVING THROUGH YOUR VISIT	Very Poor	Poor 2	Fair 3	Good 4	Very Good
Degree to which you were informed about any delays	0	0	0	0	0
Wait time at clinic (from arriving to leaving)	0	$\bigcirc$	0	Hu	h?
Speed of the registration process	0	0	0	0	0
Comments (describe good or bad experience):					



# How evaluators ask a question can dramatically influence the answers they receive.

Minor changes in question wording, format, or order can profoundly affect results.

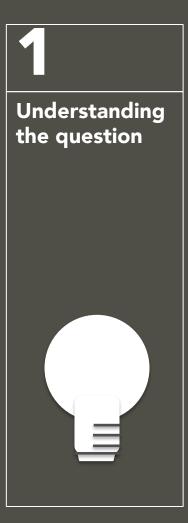




In posing a behavioral question, researchers implicitly hope that participants will...

- 1. Understand the question
- 2. Identify the behavior of interest
- 3. Retrieve relevant instances of the behavior from memory
- 4. Correctly identify the relevant reference period
- 5. Search this reference period to retrieve all relevant instances of the behavior
- 6. Correctly date the recalled instances of the behavior to arrive at a frequency report
- 7. Correctly add up all the instances to determine whether they fall within the reference period
- 8. Map this frequency onto the response alternatives
- 9. Candidly provide the result of their recall effort to the researcher

1	2	3	4	5
Understanding the question	Recalling relevant behavior	Inference & estimation	Mapping the answer onto the response format	"editing" the answers for reasons of social desirability
		23+16 =40ish	A B C C D	



**Pragmatic inferences** 

Open vs. closed question formats Frequency scales Reference periods Question context Researcher's affiliation



Autobiographical memory Facilitating recall

> Reference periods Time & motivation Decomposition strategies: Recall cues Estimation strategies Temporal direction of search Dating recalled instances

Inferences Based on Partial Recall

Inferences Based on Subjective Theories

Inferences Based on the Research Instrument

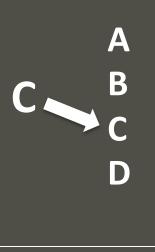


**Rating scales** 

**Response order effect** 



Mapping the answer onto the response format



**Social Desirability and Self-Presentation** 

"editing" the answers for reasons of social desirability



## Goal: Write questions your respondents will easily understand without having to reread them.

# General guidelines



# **Fowler's Characteristics**

1. Questions are consistently understandable

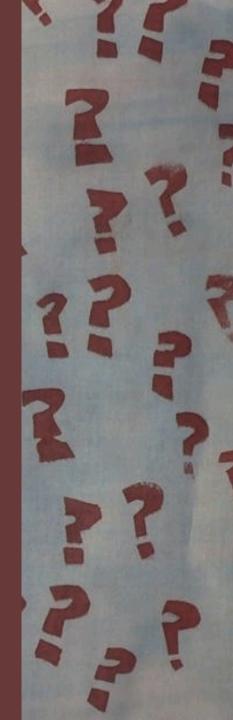
2. Both questions AND answer options are consistently communicated

3. Respondents are able and willing to answer said questions

# Dillman (et al) guidelines

- 1. Make sure the question applies to the respondent
- 2. Make sure the question is technically accurate
- 3. Ask one question at a time
- 4. Use simple and familiar words
- 5. Use as few words as possible to post the question
- 6. Use complete sentences with simple sentence structures
- 7. Make sure "yes" means yes, and "no" means no
- 8. Be sure the question specifies the response task

## Consider question purpose

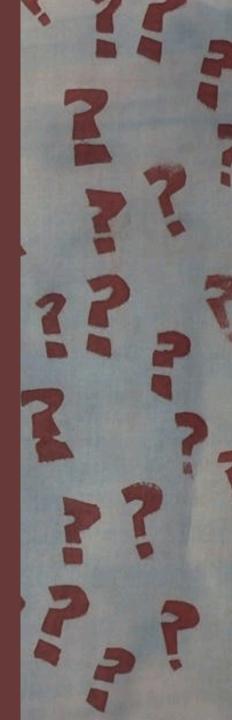


1. How would you rate your experience with our services today? Excellent Good Fair Poor

2. How would you rate the quality of the services you received today? Excellent Good Fair Poor

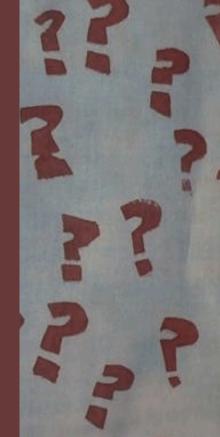
3. How would you rate the amount of time you waited for service today? Excellent Good Fair Poor

## Question purpose: Determine if a family is financially secure



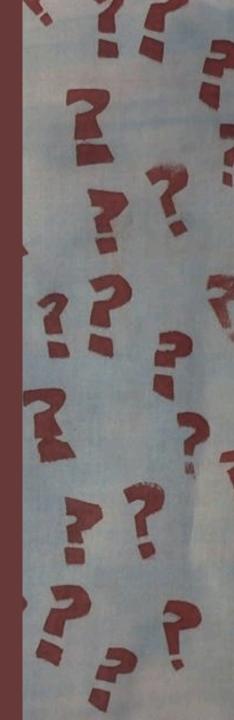
## How well are you doing financially?



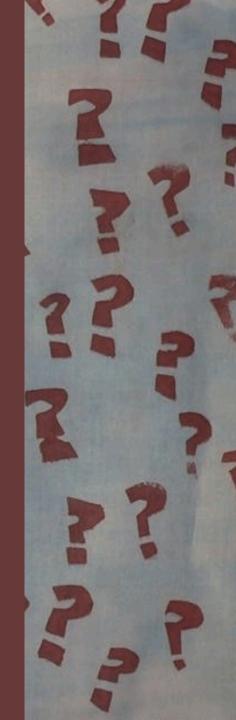


## How well are you doing financially?

A.Very well B.Pretty well C.Just OK D.Not too well

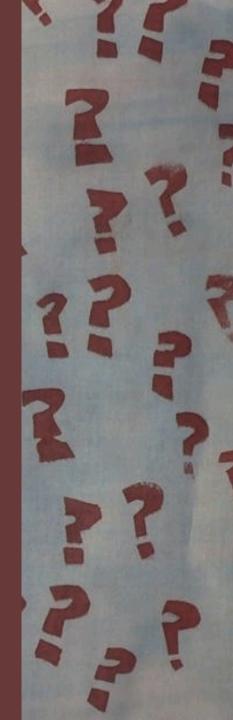


Are you employed? A.Yes B.No

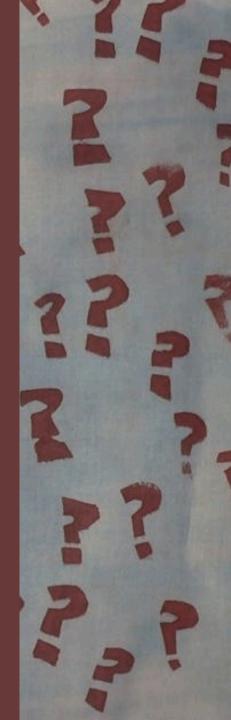


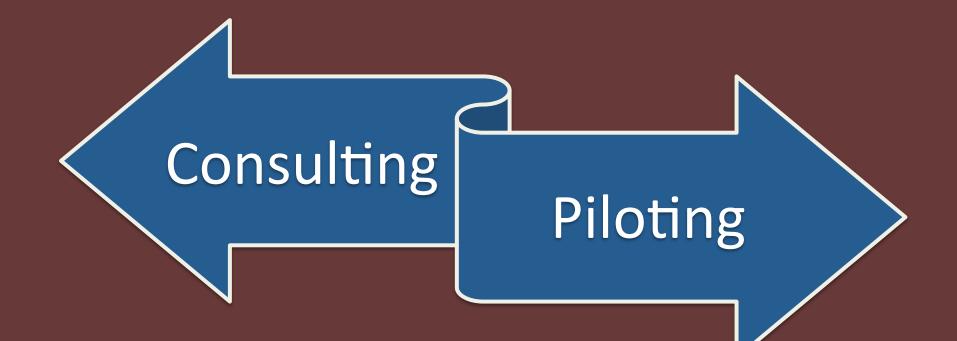
How often are you able to cover your daily living expenses?

A.Always B.Most of the time C.Sometimes D.Not very often E.Never

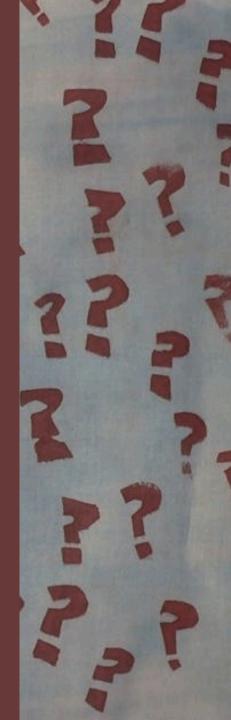


# The extreme importance of context





## Other guidelines or advice?



## One next step – a checklist

#### Data Visualization Checklist

by Stephanie Evergreen & Ann K. Emery May 2014

This checklist is meant to be used as a guide for the development of high impact data visualizations. Rate each aspect of the data visualization by circling the most appropriate number, where 2 points means the guideline was fully met, 1 means it was partially met, and 0 means it was not met at all. n/a should not be used frequently, but reserved for when the guideline truly does not apply. For example, a pie chart has no axes lines or tick marks to rate. Refer to the Data Visualization Anatomy Chart on the last page for guidance on vocabulary.

	Guideline	Ra	ati	ng	
don't contain ext, so existing ust encapsulate essage and punch.	<b>6-12 word descriptive title is left-justified in upper left corner</b> Short titles enable readers to comprehend takeaway messages even while quickly skimming the graph. Rather than a generic phrase, use a descriptive sentence that encapsulates the graph's finding or "so what?" Western cultures start reading in the upper left, so locate the title there.	2	1	0	n/a
	Subtitle and/or annotations provide additional information Subtitles and annotations (call-out text within the graph) can add explanatory and interpretive power to a graph. Use them to answer questions a viewer might have or to highlight one or two data points.	2	1	0	n/a
	Text size is hierarchical and readable Titles are in a larger size than subtitles or annotations, which are larger than labels, which are larger than axis labels, which are larger than source information. The smallest text - axis labels - are at least 9 point font size on paper, at least 20 on screen.	2	1	0	n/a

#### Text

Graphs d much tex text must your mes pack a pu

### **Creative Question Design!**



## How many words did you write?

### **Question vs Question**

#### Group 1:

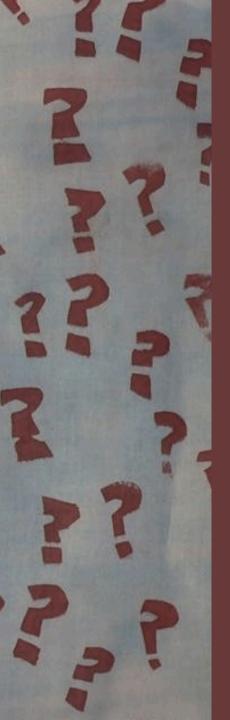
#### What did you learn?

#### <u>Group 2:</u>

#### Part I: How did you feel? (Choose all that apply)

- Energized
- Renewed
- Bored
- Inspired
- Overwhelmed
- Angry
- Other

Part II: Please explain why you chose the word(s) you did:



### Draft a Question!

#### **OPTIONS:**

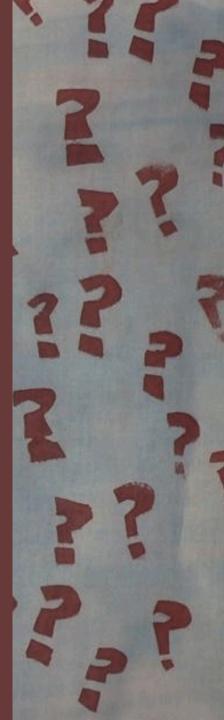
1. Provided scenario

2. Fix bad survey quiz questions

**3. Or related to topic of your choice** 

## Scenario

- evaluation of a middle school youth development program
- survey teachers
- To learn about the students' academic challenges, and their familiarity with the program
- results will inform program improvement



## Tensions



## The Odds & Evens Debate



## Are openended questions like women?

## WOMEN, HULP

### CAN'T LIVE WITH 'EM; CAN'T SUCCESSFULLY REFUTE THEIR HYPOTHESES.

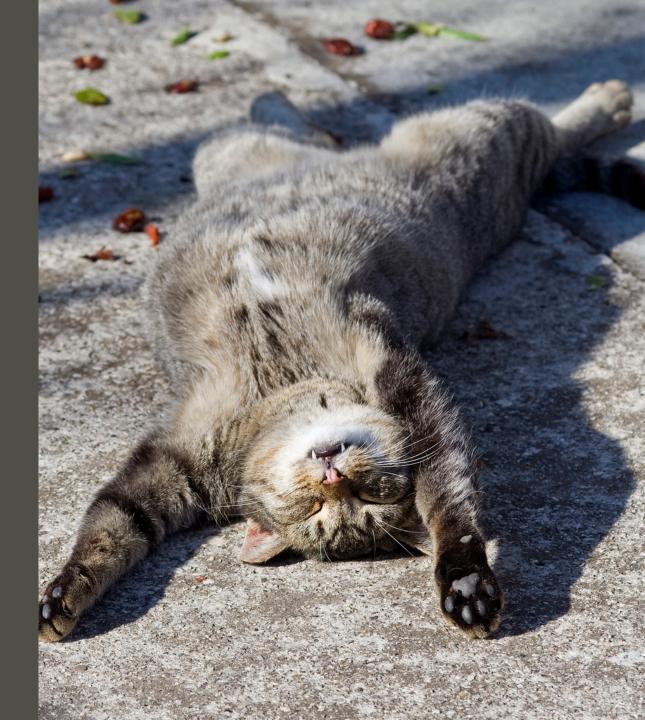
## **Other Tensions?**



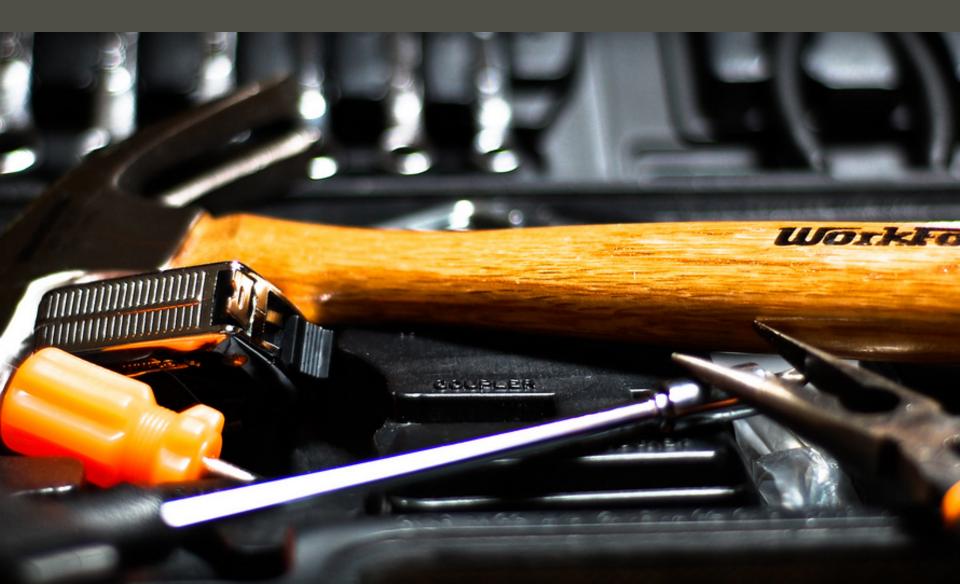


## Balancing Tensions

## Survey fatigue



### One last caveat



- Check out the resources we've shared
- Watch for more from us – Checklist!?
- Interested in further work on this?
  - Sheila:
    - sheilabethrobinson@gmail.com
  - Kim: kfirthleonard@gmail.com
- We'd like your feedback -- A survey for you!

